The six maximum security institutions receive inmates sentenced by the courts to imprisonment for terms of from two years to life. These are located at New Westminster, B.C., Prince Albert, Sask., Stony Mountain, Man., Kingston, Ont., St. Vincent de Paul, Que., and Dorchester, N.B. Persons sentenced to penitentiary terms in Newfoundland are held in the provincially operated institution at St. John's, under financial arrangements authorized by Sect. 14 of the Penitentiary Act (SC 1960-61, c. 53).

The four medium and the nine minimum security institutions receive inmates transferred from the maximum security (receiving) institutions on the basis of their suitability for special forms of training, including vocational training. Of the medium security institutions, two—Collin's Bay Penitentiary and Joyceville Institution—are within a few miles of Kingston. The other two—the Federal Training Centre and the Leclerc Institution—are in close proximity to St. Vincent de Paul.

Seven minimum security Correctional Camps are operated as extensions of a main institution in their respective areas. These are located at William Head and Agassiz, B.C.; Beaver Creek and Landry Crossing near Bracebridge and Petawawa, Ont.; Gatineau (Gatineau Park) and Valleyfield, Que.; and Springhill, N.S. The two minimum security Farm Camps, at St. Vincent de Paul and Collin's Bay, operate as extensions of the two penitentiaries there.

The Prison for Women at Kingston, Ont., receives inmates transferred upon committal to penitentiaries in any part of Canada. Prior to Dec. 1, 1960, it operated as a detached portion of Kingston Penitentiary.

The two Correctional Staff Colleges—one at Kingston, Ont., and one at St. Vincent de Paul, Que.—are for the advanced training of penitentiary officers. The one at Kingston serves English-speaking or bilingual officers and that at St. Vincent de Paul is primarily for French-speaking officers from all parts of Canada.

During the year ended Mar. 31, 1961, there were 6,643 inmates confined in all institutions, of whom 118 were females. This compared with an inmate population for the previous fiscal year of 6,265, of whom 117 were females. Total disbursements for 1960-61 for the administration, maintenance of inmates and capital expenditures amounted to \$18,362,862; this was offset by revenue from the sale of land, industries and farm products totalling \$1,203,522.

During the fiscal year 1962-63, there are planned to be opened five more Correctional Camps—one in the Maritime Provinces, one in Quebec, one in Ontario and two in the Prairie Provinces. In addition, four Farm Camps will be opened—one each at Dorchester Penitentiary, Joyceville Institution, Manitoba Penitentiary and Saskatchewan Penitentiary. A new and enlarged Correctional Staff College at Kingston is also planned for 1962-63 to meet the expanding training needs of English-speaking officers, and a larger Correctional Staff College at St. Vincent de Paul to serve French-speaking officers is planned for a later year. Construction will start in 1962-63 on a drug addiction treatment institution located in the lower mainland area of British Columbia. Institutions for young offenders are planned for the Maritime Provinces and Quebec and medium security institutions are scheduled for Ontario and Quebec. In the same year there will be opened, in the lower mainland of British Columbia, a separate institution for the many Sons of Freedom Sect Doukhobors (male and female) who have been sentenced to long terms of imprisonment.

Many of the recommendations of the Correctional Planning Committee, appointed by the Minister of Justice in 1958 to consider ways in which a more effective and more fully integrated Canadian correctional system could be achieved, were implemented during 1960-61. A major initial step in such implementation was the reorganization of the Penitentiary Service Headquarters into four Divisions—Inmate Training, Organization and Administration, Finance and Services, and Penitentiary Industries. Each Division is headed by a Director with ancillary staff. The Commissioner of Penitentiaries and the Deputy Commissioner of Penitentiaries are the senior members of the Service Headquar-